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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/588,008	06/06/2000	Sam Yang	M4065.0210/P210	9015

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EXAMINER

TRINH, HOA B

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2814

DATE MAILED: 12/26/2002

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/588,008

Applicant(s)

YANG ET AL.

Examiner

Vikki H Trinh

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 March 2002.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-31, 97 and 98 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-31, 97 and 98 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 10 January 2001 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on _____ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.
- If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
- a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

1. Claims 1, 26-28 are objected to because of the following informalities: In claim 1, line 4, "annealed oxygen permeable" is not structurally clear. In claim 26, lines 1-2, "plasma enhanced annealed" is not structurally clear. In claims 27-28, there is no structural element. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

It is well settled that the law of anticipation does not require that the reference teach what appellant is teaching or has disclosed, but only that the claims on appeal "read on" something disclosed in the reference, i.e., all limitations of the claims are found in the reference. See *Kalman v. Kimberly Clark Corp.*, 713 F.2d 760, 218 USPQ 781 (Fed. Cir. 1083). Moreover, it is not necessary for the applied reference to expressly disclose or describe a particular element or limitation of a rejected claim word for word as in the rejected claim so long as the reference inherently discloses that element or limitation. See, for example, *Standard Havens Products Inc. v. Gencor Industries Inc.*, 953 F.2d 1360, 21 USPQ2d 1321 (Fed. Cir. 1991).

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2. Claims 1-31, 98 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Agarwal et al. (6,297,527).

With respect to claim 1, Agarwal et al. (6,297,527) discloses a capacitor 240, 340 having a bottom conducting layer 74, 76, 78, 80, a dielectric layer 72 and an "annealed oxygen permeable" top conducting layer 70. (See figure 1 and column 5, lines 15-40.)

As to claims 2-3, 15, wherein the bottom conducting layer 74 is formed of a material layer selected from a "noble" metal group, ie Pt. (See figure 1 and column 2, lines 9-20, column 5, lines 15-40.)

As to claim 4, wherein the bottom conducting layer 76 is formed of metal alloy. See column 5, lines 28-40. (See figure 1 and column 5, lines 15-40.)

As to claims 5-8, 18-28, wherein the bottom conducting layer 76, 78, 80 is formed of a conducting metal oxide, metal nitride (i.e., Pt (noble metal), Titanium nitride, PtRh, silicide). (See column 7, lines 15-58, and column 8, lines 1-5.)

As to claim 9, the bottom layer is on top of the oxygen barrier. (see column 8, lines 1-5)

As to claim 10, the dielectric layer 72 is a dielectric metal oxide layer. (see column 6, lines 33-40)

As to claims 11-14, the dielectric constant of titanium pentoxide overlaps the range of the claimed claim, 7-300. (See column 6, lines 33-40)

As to claim 16, the top layer 70 is formed of a non-oxidizing metal permeable to oxygen. See column 5, lines 15-20.

As to claim 17, the top layer may be formed of a metal oxide. See column 5, lines 15-20.

As to claim 29, the capacitor is a stacked capacitor. See column 7, lines 65-68).

As to claim 30, an access transistor 52 connected to the capacitor. See figure 1.

As to claim 31, the capacitor is a DRAM cell. See column 1, lines 4-16).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

4. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

5. Claim 97 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Agarwal et al. (6,297,527) in view of Li et al. (6,489,199)

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Agarwal et al. (6,297,527) discloses the invention substantially as claimed. However, Agarwal et al. (6,297,527) does not explicitly state that the bottom layer is formed from tungsten nitride.

Li et al. (6,489,199 discloses a capacitor having top layer 192, a dielectric layer 191, and a tungsten nitride bottom layer 187. See figure 2D and column 11, lines 32-34.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the invention of Agarwal et al. (6,297,527) with the tungsten nitride bottom layer, as taught by Li et al. (6,489,199), so as to prevent diffusion from adjacent material. See Li et al., column 1, lines 43-45.

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments filed 09/04/02 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In the remarks on page 4, second paragraph, the examiner notes that the present claims are device claims which are examined according to the structural elements of the claims. On page 4, third paragraph, Agarwal teaches that the top layer is annealed. See the above rejection for any clarification. Accordingly, dependents claims 2-32 are rejected. See the above rejection. The argument relating to Lai et al. is moot in view of the new rejection using Agarwal in view of Li et al.

Conclusion

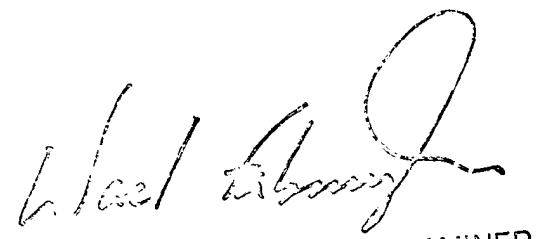
Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to Vikki Trinh whose telephone number is (703) 308-8238. The

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Examiner can normally be reached Mon-Tuesday, Thurs-Friday, 7:30 AM - 6:00 PM Eastern Time. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Mr. Wael Fahmy, can be reached at (703) 308-4918. General inquiries relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist at (703) 308-0858. The fax number is (703) 308-2708.



Vikki Trinh,
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